(BS) INSTITUTE OF INSOLVENCY PROFESSIONALS

A wholly owned subsidiary of ICSI and registered with IBBI (Formerly known as ICSI Insolvency Professionals Agency)

> KNOWLEDGE REPONERE (16th- 31stOctober, 2019)

Dear Professional Members,

Greetings!

We are pleased to share with you our next issue of the knowledge bulletin on the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("**Code**").

EVENTS

> Diwali Celebration at ICSI Institute of Insolvency Professionals



NEWS UPDATE(S)

> Cauvery Power to face insolvency proceedings.

National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Chennai Bench ordered corporate insolvency proceedings against *Cauvery Power Generation*, which has defaulted on payments of Rs 13.71 crores to Punjab National Bank. The account was classified as a non-performing asset by PNB in January, 2019.

Read more at:

//economictimes.indiatimes.com/articleshow/71816009.cms?utm_source=contentofinte
rest&utm_medium=text&utm_campaign=cppst

> NCLAT sets aside plea to initiate insolvency proceedings against Intex Technologies

The NCLAT dismissed a plea to initiate insolvency proceedings against smartphone and mobile accessories maker *Intex Technologies India Ltd.* by one of its creditors.

A three-member NCLAT bench headed by Chairperson Justice S J Mukhopadhaya upheld an order of NCLT Delhi, which had dismissed the plea of an Operational Creditor (Avalon Sports and Media) after findinga pre-existing dispute over the claims made.

Read more at:

//economictimes.indiatimes.com/articleshow/71792374.cms?utm_source=contentofinte
rest&utm_medium=text&utm_campaign=cppst

LIST OF COMPANIES THAT HAVE RECENTLY UNDERGONE LIQUIDATION

S. No	Case Title	Bench	Date of Order
1.	In the matter of M/s R L Logistics (P) Ltd.	Chennai	16.10.2019
2.	In the matter of OSIL Exports Ltd.	Chandigarh	17.10.2019
3.	In the matter of <i>Vedika Steels</i> <i>Private Ltd.</i>	Hyderabad	17.10.2019
4.	In the matter of M/s Jambu Knits (P) Ltd.	Principal Bench, New Delhi	30.10.2019

BRIEF OF JUDGEMENTS

S. N o.	Case Details	Date of Order	Courts	Brief	Case link
1	JSW Steel Ltd. and Ors. v. Mahender Kumar Khandelwal & Ors.	25.10.2019	NCLAT	This appeal was earlier heard on 14th October 2019wherein the questions raised for consideration of the Appellate Tribunal were: (a) Whether the 'Directorate of Enforcement' has jurisdiction to attach property of the 'Corporate Debtor' or part thereof which is undergoing 'corporate insolvency resolution process'; and(b) Whether the 'Directorate of Enforcement' comes within the meaning of 'Operational Creditor' in terms of Section 5(20) and 5(21) of IBC for the purpose of money claim (civil matter), which may be generated out of the attached property/ part thereof of the 'Corporate Debtor'. On, 14 th October, 2019, considering therespective stand taken by Enforcement	<u>12a87d6decea</u> <u>6e464ba85d7f.</u>

Directorate and	
Government of India,	
order of attachment	
passed by Deputy	
Director, 'Directorate	
of Enforcement' with	
regard to part	
property of the	
'Corporate Debtor'	
(Bhushan Power &	
Steel Limited) was	
stayed, and further	
orders for release of	
property already	
attached were	
passed.Further, to	
ensure that the	
`resolution plan' is	
not given effect to	
before a decision on	
the issue, the	
impugned order	
dated 5th	
September, 2019,	
insofar as it related	
to payment to the	
creditors was	
stayed.On 25 th	
October, 2019,	
theNCLATwhile	
holding a <i>prima</i>	
facieviewthat if the	
assets seized by the	
Enforcement	
Directorate are held	
to be purchased out	
of the 'proceeds of	
crime', then the	
amount which is	
generated from such	
assets would come	
within the meaning	
of 'Operational Debt'	

				under the Code. However, before deciding the appeal on its merit, NCLAT gave an opportunity to different wings/ Departments of the Central Government to sit together and settle the issue. The appeal was accordingly adjourned for18th November,2019.	
i L J J	Jindal Steel and Power Limited v. Arun Kumar Jagatramka and Ors.	24.10.2019	NCLAT	The issues raised in this appeal were (a) whether in a liquidation proceeding under IBC, the Scheme for Compromise and Arrangement can be made in terms of Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 and (b) if so permissible, whether the Promoter is eligible to file an application for Compromise and Arrangement, while he is ineligible under Section 29A of IBC to submit a Resolution Plan. After taking into account the ratio of	v.in//uploads/o rder/7e01c1b8 d22611331b43 2accc96b16be.

judgments delivered in the matters of Y. Shivram Prasad and S.C. Sekaran (by NCLAT)and Hon'ble Apex Court's decision in Swiss Ribbons, Hon'ble NCLATheld that even during the liquidation stage,for the purpose of Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013, the CD is to be saved from its own management. Thus, the Promoters, who are ineligible under Section 29A, are not entitled to
own management. Thus, the Promoters, who are ineligible under Section 29A,
Resolution Applicant.

			NCLAT thus set aside the order passed by the NCLT and remitted the case to Liquidator and Adjudicating Authority for re- consideration in accordance with the judgment.	
3 <i>IL</i> & <i>FS</i> <i>Financial</i> <i>Services Ltd.</i> <i>V. Emerald</i> <i>Lands</i> (<i>India</i>) <i>Pvt. Ltd</i>	22.10.2019	NCLAT	An appeal was preferred by IL&FS Financial Services Limited (Financial Creditor) against impugned order dated 27th August, 2019 passed by Adjudicating Authority, wherein the AA dismissed an application filed by IL&FS Financial Services Limited (petitioner) under Section 7 of the Code.The grounds for such dismissal were that as regards service of notice of the petition to CD, the person who received the same hasnot identified himself, and thus, it is questionable as to the capacity in which such person signed the said notice. The AA, in the impugned order had further observed as,"we are constrained hence to dismiss this petition	https://nclat.ni c.in/Useradmin /upload/13513 141365db00d7 4c85a5.pdf

4	Saregama	23.10.2019	NCLAT	in view of the non- compliance of the order in view of the limited time window available for this Tribunal to dispose of Section 7 applications and this petition is hence dismissed for non- compliance." The NCLAT, after perusing contents of the impugned order, and upon hearing submissions made by the parties, held that the Adjudicating Authority has given a wrong ground to dismiss the application under Section 7 of the Codeand that only because the person receiving notice at the address of the Corporate Debtor does not put his designation,this by itself is no reason to straight away dismiss the application of the Financial Creditor.	https://ibbi.go
4	<i>India Limited v. M/s Home Movie Makers Private Limited</i>	23.10.2019	NCLAT	an order passed by	v.in//uploads/o rder/8e301d1e 18342a8a3ed8 0ab3b6a2742f.

IBC was dismissed
on the grounds that
that the claim made
by the Appellant
(Financial Creditor) is
not a `financial
debt'.In the
impugned order, the AA had further held
that, <i>``it is not a</i> financial debt and
the petitioner tried to
masguerade it as
financial debt when
reply came to section
8 Notice from the
corporate debtor.
Therefore, this Bench
having felt that this
petitioner should not
have concealed the
facts and tried to
metamorphose this
petition as petition
u/s 7 of the Code,
this Company
Petition is hereby
dismissed by
imposing costs of ₹
1,00,000 payable to
the Corporate Debtor
within 15 days
hereof." NCLAT held
that nowhere it is
mentioned that the
amount paid by the
Appellant to be
repayable along with
interest over a period
of time in a single or
series of payments in future and hence it
future, and hence, it is not money against

the consideration for
the time value. Thus
concluding, NCLAT
held that the claim of
the Appellant is not a
Financial Debt within
the meaning of
Section 5(8) of IBC,
and the Appeal was
accordingly
dismissed.

We trust you will find this issue of our Bulletin useful and informative.

Wish you good luck in all your future endeavors!!

Team ICSI IIP

Disclaimer: Although due care and diligence has been taken in the production of this Knowledge Reponere, the ICSI Institute of Insolvency Professionals shall not be responsible for any loss or damage, resulting from any action taken on the basis of the contents of this Knowledge Reponere. Anyone wishing to act on the basis of the material contained herein should do so only after cross checking and verifying from the original source.